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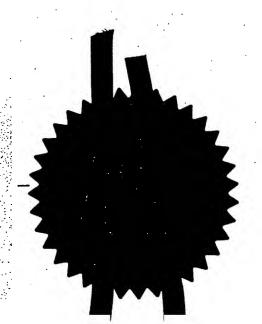
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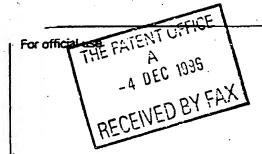
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CONTROL OF DUST AND SMALL PARTICLES IN CARPETS

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Control of Dust and Small Particles in Carpets

The present invention relates to methods and apparatus for controlling dust and small particles, which may include allergens, in carpets and other materials and in particular for removing such dust and particles.

Vacuum cleaners are well known in removing dust and small particles from carpets. Although most commercial vacuum cleaners will remove dust and particles from carpets quite efficiently, there will always be some particles left in the carper. It is normally the very fine particles which will be most difficult to remove. Particles below 10µm in diameter, which are lodged deep in the carpet pile near the backing, will always be difficult to remove efficiently. It is these particles that are considered to be most hazardous in terms of health implications.

Particles of up to $10\mu m$ in diameter (commonly called PM_{10} 's) can remain airborne for long periods of time and are small enough to be inhaled into the human respiratory system. House dust mite allergen, Dermarophagoides pteronyssimus (Der p I), is known to reside on mite faecal particles and is now recognised as the most common allergen associated with asthma.

The simple action of using a vacuum cleaner will disturb particles and cause them to become airborne and produce a high level of airborne allergens. Even PM_{10} 's which are removed by a vacuum cleaner may well not be captured in the vacuum cleaner filter and may subsequently be released into the atmosphere.

The object of the present invention is to provide an improved method and apparatus for restricting the number of airborne particles during cleaning ('Damp-Down'), enhance removal of small particles from the carpet and other materials ('Mop-Up'), and increase the capacity of the vacuum cleaner to hold onto small particles once captured ('Stay-Put').

According to the invention electrostatically charged carrier particles are used to capture dust and small particles to prevent them from becoming airborne and aid in the removal from the carpet. The charged carrier particles are delivered to the carpet and agglomerate with small particles to form larger particles. These larger particles can then be removed by a normal vacuum cleaning process.

The carrier particles may be charged in one of, or in a combination of, methods. The carrier particles may be pre-charged before being inserted into the dispenser. The carrier particles may be charged as they are dispensed onto the carpet. A multi-component carrier system may be used where carrier particles are made from different materials and tribocharge against each other as they are dispensed onto the carpet, i.e. Carrier/Carrier Charging. These methods are shown in Figure 1. As the carrier particles are dispensed, the carpet should be agitated to ensure capture of dust. This agitation may be conducted by the dispenser or by the sweeping action on cleaning or by other means. Figure 1 also shows the three objectives of the carrier powder: "Damp-Down, "Mop-Up and "Stay-Put".

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In order that the invention may be more readily understood an embodiment of one of the three methods detailed in Figure 1 will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings in which

Figure 1 shows a flow diagram of the three methods.

Figure 2 is a diagram of a possible embodiment of one of the methods. Carrier/Dispenser Charging.

With reference to Figure 2 a dispenser 1 consisting of a container 2 and dispensing tube 3 contains carrier particles and other components 4. The carrier particles are electrically insulating (for example Nylon) of the order of 100 µm in diameter. The carrier particles become charged as they travel through the dispensing tube 3 (for example Teflon) and keep their charge as they reach the carpet 5.

In use, the dispenser 1 is positioned above a carpet 5 and the container 2 is squeezed to deliver charged carrier particles to the surface of the carpet. As the container 2 is squeezed air from the air pocket 6 is forced down the dispensing tube 3 through the gas phase inlet 7. At the same time carrier particles 4 are also forced into the dispensing tube 3 through the solid phase inlet 8. The air and carrier particles in the dispensing tube mix and are forced through the charging region 9 and delivered through the outlet 10. The carrier particles acquire charge as they collide with the surface of the dispensing tube 3 in the charging region 9.

The charged carrier particles may be agitated on the surface of the carpet so that they fall down deep into the pile of the carpet close to the backing. The charged carrier particles come into contact with the smaller dust and allergen containing particles and attract these smaller particles so as to form agglomerates.

The agglomerates can be removed from the carpet by a vacuum cleaning process or by using a brush. The larger agglomerates will be easier to remove from the carper by the action of the mechanical forces imparted by a vacuum cleaning process action of mechanical agitation and vacuum suction. The agglomerates are less likely to become airborne and certainly will not be able to remain in suspension for long periods of time. In addition, once the small particles (PM10's) are in the vacuum cleaner within the agglomerates, their escape through the filtration system of the cleaner will likewise be reduced.

The charge on the carrier particle can be positive or negative or the carrier particles can be a mixture of both as in method two of Figure 1.

From the above description it will be clear that by agglomerating the small dust and allergen containing particles with the charged carrier particles the dust and allergens are prevented from becoming airborne ("Damp-Down"). The agglomerated particles will be more easily removed from the carpet by cleaning ("Mop-Up"). Further, the agglomerates will not escape through the filtering system of the vacuum cleaner ("Stay-Pur").

As an alternative to using the dispenser 1 the charged particles may be dispensed by a cleaning apparatus, such as a vacuum cleaner. They are deposited on a carpet surface, agitated so that they agglomerate with the small particles and subsequently collected by the cleaning apparams.

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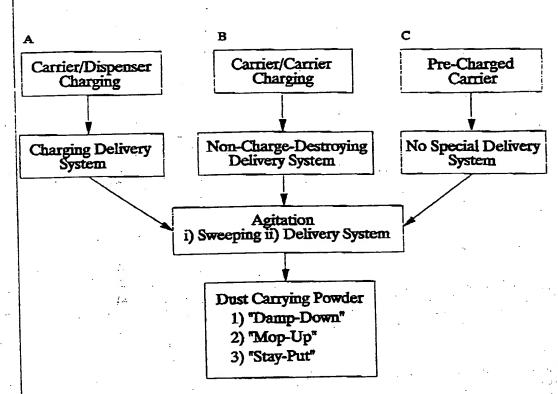


Figure 1

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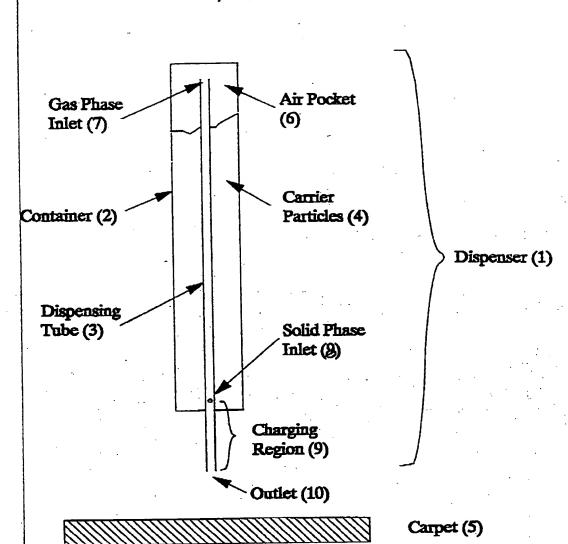


Figure 2